# 2024 Consumer Confidence Report for Public Water System WALSTON SPRINGS WSC

This is your water quality report for January 1 to December 31, 2024

For more information regarding this report contact

Wilcox Aquifer located in Anderson County, TX WALSTON SPRINGS WSC provides surface water and ground water from Carrizo-

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Phone (903) 729-4236

Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al telefono (903) 729-4236

Definitions and Abbreviations

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The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation

Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow

Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples

AVE

Level 1 Assessment A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our

Level 2 Assessment and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions. A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E, coil MCL violation has occurred

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water, MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health, MCLGs allow for a margin of safety

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health, MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants

million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

mrem

MFL

nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)

picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

pCI/L

ppb

NTU na:

micrograms per liter or parts per billion

milligrams per liter or parts per million

parts per quadrillion, or programs per liter (pg/L)

parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

pp

Treatment Technique or TT

ppq

ppm

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

## Information about your Drinking Water

or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land from human activity

Hotline at (800) 426-4791 necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife
- and gas production, mining, or farming Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses
- from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also comeen and can also come organic chemicals.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities

regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA

information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more

steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, Hotline (800-426-4791

and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and

### Information about Source Water

Simpson (903) 729-4236 TCEQ completed an assessment of your source water, and results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to certain contaminants. The sampling requirements for your water system is based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detections of these contaminants will be found in this Consumer Confidence Report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system contact Brian

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCIG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2024	1.3	1.3	0.137	0	ppm	z	Erosion of natural deposits, Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing
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## **2024 Water Quality Test Results**

ĸ	Collection Date	te Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCTG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
		ţ	0 - 4.3	No goal for the total	60	ppb	z	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
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<sup>\*</sup>The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all HAA5 sample results collected at a location over a year

(TTHM)	Total Trihalomethanes	
	2024	
	12	
	0-16.3	
total	No goal for the	
	80	
	ppb	
	z	
	By product of drinking water disinfection.	

\*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year

Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] 2024	Fluoride 03/27/2023	Chromium 03/27/2023	Barium 03/27/2023	Inorganic Contaminants Collection Date
0.0388	0.365	13	0.026	Highest Level Detected
0-0.0388	0.118 - 0.365	0 - 13	0.011 - 0.026	Range of Individual Samples
10	4	100	2	WCLG
10	4.0	100	N	MCt
ppm	ppm	ppb	ppm	Units
Z	Z	z	Z	Violation
Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum, factories,	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits.	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.	Likely Source of Contamination

Radioactive Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Combined Radium 226/228	10/07/2021	1.5	1.5 - 1.5	0	5	pci/L	N E	Erosion of natural deposits.

#### Disinfectant Residual

Free Chlorine 2024 0.70 0.40-1,30	
4	MRDL
4	MRDLG
Mg/L	Unit of Measure
Ż	Violation (Y/N)
Water additive used to control microbes.	Source in Drinking Water